Merino wool: the original performance fibre





100% NATURAL

Wool is 100% natural, grown year-round by Australia's 68 million sheep. Sheep consume a simple blend of water, air, sunshine and grass.



100% RENEWABLE

Every year, Australian sheep produce a new fleece, making wool a completely renewable fibre.



100% BIODEGRADABLE

When a wool fibre is disposed of, it will naturally decompose in soil. When wool degrades, it slowly releases valuable nutrients back into the earth.



100% NATURAL, RENEWABLE AND **BIODEGRADABLE, AUSTRALIAN** WOOL IS NATURE'S MIRACLE FIBRE, OFFERING A NATURAL SOLUTION TO THE GLOBAL APPAREL AND FOOTWEAR INDUSTRY.

Merino wool: a natural fibre

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

More than 8 million tonnes of plastics enter the ocean each year. As much as 35 per cent of microplastics in the marine environment are fibres from synthetic clothing, an amount that continues to increase. By contrast, wool fibres readily biodegrade in both land and marine environments.

Wool presents numerous environmentally conscious advantages over other synthetic fibres.

W00L FIBRES

VS

MAN-MADE FIBRES



natural



petroleum based



recyclable



landfill



requires less washing



requires more washing



biodegradable



non-biodegradable



renewable



non-renewable

TEXTILE WASTE

87% of material used for clothing production is landfilled or incinerated after its final use.³ If the textile industry continues on this path, more than 150 million tonnes of clothing would be landfilled or burned in 2050.⁴

Wool is the most recycled of fibres, giving it a second and possibly third life, keeping wool from landfill much longer than other fibre types.⁵

HOW DOES WOOL BIODEGRADE?

Wool is composed of the natural protein keratin, which is similar to the protein that makes up human hair. When keratin is broken down naturally by microorganisms, the products do not pose any environmental hazard.

WOOL RETURNS ESSENTIAL NUTRIENTS TO THE SOIL

On burial in soil, wool becomes a slow-release fertiliser providing nutrients for uptake and growth by other organisms. This is known as natural closed loop recycling; restoring the initial inputs of soil and grass. Other beneficial effects of adding wool to soils include enhanced water holding capacity, improved water infiltration, soil aeration and reduced erosion.



BIODEGRADABILITY OF WOOL COMPARED TO MAN-MADE FIBRES

When wool is disposed of, it will naturally decompose in soil, slowly releasing valuable nutrients back into the earth.

Synthetic fibres, on the other hand, can be extremely slow to degrade or never decompose and significantly contribute to the world's overflowing landfills.

100% W00L



CONTROL 3 MONTHS



6 MONTHS

100% POLYESTER



CONTROL



3 MONTHS



6 MONTHS

100% ACRYLIC



CONTROL



3 MONTHS



6 MONTHS

Merino wool: a natural fibre

THE AUSTRALIAN WOOL INDUSTRY IN A SNAPSHOT

Australian woolgrowers work to ensure their sheep are cared for in a way that meets the Five Freedoms and constantly look for improvements in their management practices.

The Five Freedoms are defined as:

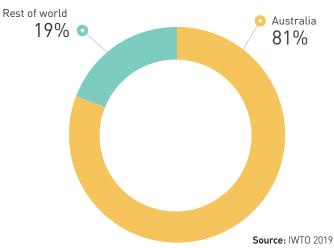
- Freedom from hunger and thirst
- Freedom from discomfort
- Freedom from pain, injury and disease
- Freedom to express normal behaviours
- Freedom from fear and distress

The Woolmark Company and Australian woolgrowers collaborate with universities, industry bodies, government departments and research institutions to ensure their management practices are scientifically-based and proven to ensure the best welfare of their animals.

Not all wool is the same. Merino wool, especially Merino wool of 20.5 micron and finer, is the best wool type for apparel, especially next-to-skin and base-layer garments due to its superior performance characteristics.

Australia is the leading producer of high quality Merino wool.

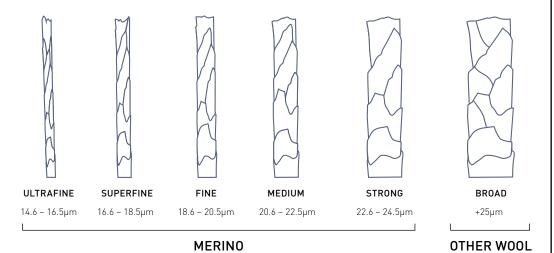
GLOBAL PRODUCTION OF SUPERFINE MERINO WOOL 18.5 MICRON OR FINER





COMPARING THE QUALITY OF WOOL

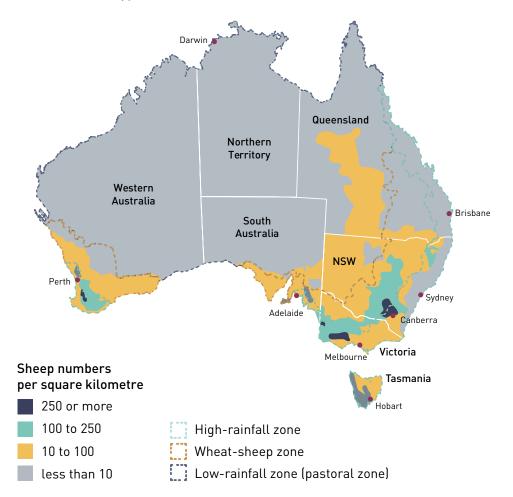
The quality of wool is determined by a number of characteristics including the micron, staple strength and length, colour and type of wool. The micron (mean fibre diameter) is the main characteristic that determines the value and end use of wool fibres.



WHERE IS WOOL GROWN IN AUSTRALIA?

THERE ARE 68 MILLION SHEEP IN AUSTRALIA AND 70% OF ALL SHEEP IN AUSTRALIA ARE MERINO.

Wool is grown across Australia from wet hill country to dry rangelands with different Merino types bred to suit different climates.



THE STRUCTURE OF WOOL FIBRE

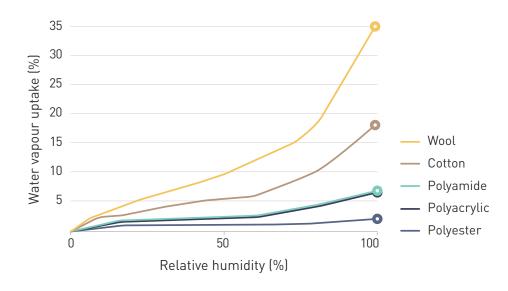
THE PERFORMANCE FIBRE

Merino wool is one of the world's most technically advanced fibres, with unique moisture and temperature regulation properties. It is used by athletes across the world, engaging in various low, mid and high-intensity levels of activity.

Man-made fibres have been striving for performance benefits for half a century. Nature has been refining Cell membrane wool's performance benefits for thousands of years. complex Macrofibril Four outer cuticle layers Matrix Microfibril Left-handed coiled coil rope Para cell and ortho cell cortex Right-handed α-helix

UNDERSTANDING MOISTURE TRANSPORTATION

In hot climates or during strenuous exercise, the microclimate above the skin becomes saturated with vapour. This can cause the wearer to become clammy unless their clothing, such as clothes made from Merino wool, can transport this moisture vapour away from the skin

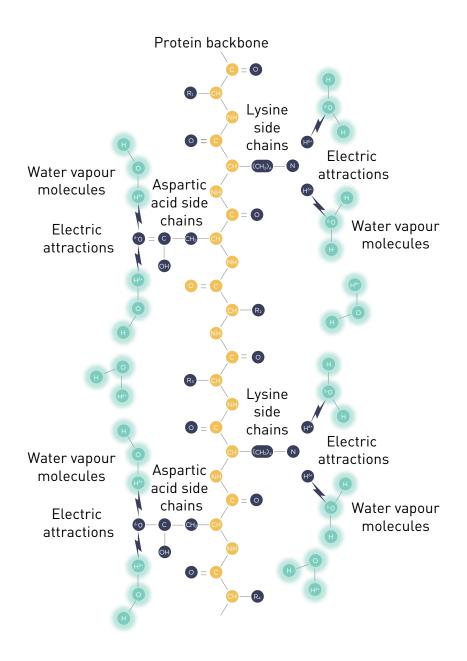


Water vapour uptake of fabrics

HOW THE UNIQUE STRUCTURE OF WOOL AFFECTS ITS PERFORMANCE

The chemical bonding within a Merino wool fibre has the effect of allowing the fibres to transfer moisture vapour away from the skin.

Without this effective dispersal system, the vapour simply condenses to form sweat droplets on the skin's surface causing discomfort and clamminess. The diagram represents the unique fibre structure of Merino wool's electronically charged side chains that are responsible for generating the moisture vapour transfer away from the skin, which ensures the comfort and moisture management of high-performance Merino wool garments.



Merino wool: a performance fibre

MERINO WOOL BENEFITS



MOISTURE MANAGEMENT

Merino wool fibres can transfer large quantities of moisture vapour from the body, which are then evaporated into the air. This means the microclimate next to skin stays dryer and avoids the discomfort associated with sweat. Wool's moisture management also reduces the severity of post-exercise chill. When you stop exercising in very cold conditions, you can experience three times more chilling in synthetic garments than when wearing wool garments.



BREATHABILITY

The scientific term for "breathability" is moisture buffering. Moisture buffering refers to the fabric's capacity to transfer moisture vapour from the microclimate next to the skin and release it again on the outer side of the garment. Merino wool clothing does this extremely well, making wool garments highly breathable and the wearer less prone to clamminess.



TEMPERATURE REGULATION

Sweating is nature's temperature regulator – the evaporation of liquid from the skin's surface produces a very efficient cooling effect. Clothing can obstruct this process and cause overheating. However, compared to clothing made from other fibres, Merino wool's process of vapour transfer allows the wearer to remain cooler which results in cooler muscles that are able to work at higher intensity levels.



ODOUR RESISTANT

Merino wool's complex chemical structure locks odour molecules within the fibre and only releases them on washing. This ensures Merino wool resists unpleasant odours often experienced with other fibres used for activewear.



EASY CARE

Due to Merino wool's odour and stain resistance, garments require less washing. Most Merino wool products can be machine washed and tumble dried.



STAIN RESISTANT

Merino wool fibres have a natural protective outer layer that helps prevent stains from being absorbed. Furthermore, because Merino wool tends not to generate static, it attracts less dust and lint.







UV PROTECTION

Merino wool fibres naturally absorb UV radiation, offering protection to wearers of Merino wool garments when exposed to sunshine.



FIRE RESISTANT

The Merino fibre is naturally fire resistant due to its relatively high moisture and nitrogen content. Whilst cotton catches alight at 255°C, the temperature must reach 570-600°C before wool will ignite; while polyester melts at 252-292°C and nylon succumbs at an even lower 160-260°C, wool never melts so it can't stick to the skin like many common synthetics.



ELASTIC

The natural elasticity of Merino wool helps Merino wool garments stretch and return to their original shape. Wool fibre can extend by more than 30 percent of it's own length and bend up to 20,000 times before breaking which makes the fibre ideal for activewear.

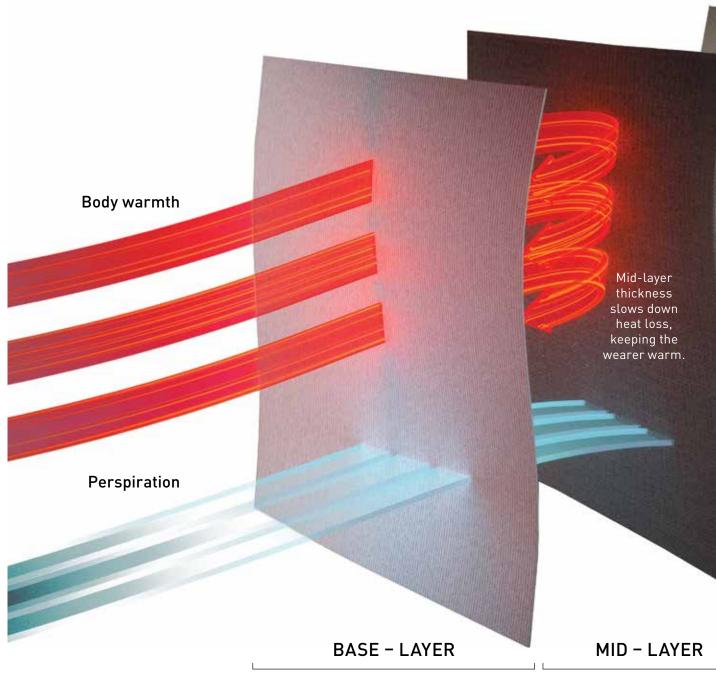
Merino wool: a performance fibre

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THE LAYERING SYSTEM

In the area of performance apparel, the layering system gives the wearer the opportunity to adjust the clothing to the environment as well as to the activity level.

The unique moisture management, buffering, insulating and breathability properties of the Merino wool fibre work seamlessly together through all three layers, no matter the conditions: hot, cold or humid.





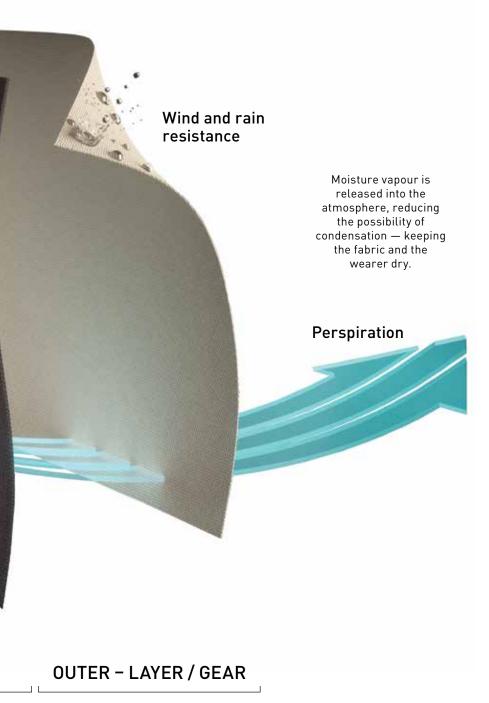








Merino wool versatili















BASE-LAYER







Base-layer performance clothing needs to offer high level comfort to the wearer pursuing a broad range of leisure and sporting activities.

The performance benefits of Merino wool, which includes natural elasticity, breathability, softness and moisture management lend the fibre to base-layer clothing for performance and sports.

SEAMLESS

Seamless garment technology is the ultimate in knitting technology.

Circular and flat-knitting technologies are being employed to manufacture next-to-skin base-layers that feature:



Compression and breathability on a single surface



Greater structure diversity and comfort



Functionality zones



Reduction in textile wastage



Santoni x Suedwolle x Woolmark

Merino wool seamless yoga wear

WARP-KNITTING

Warp-knit construction sits between that of a knitted and woven fabric. It has flexibility yet its compact which is ideal for compression products that closely follow the contours of the body.

Warp knitting was for many years reserved for synthetics, but wool can now be integrated into this rigorous and fast knitting technique. The benefits of Merino wool warp knitting include:



Body contouring

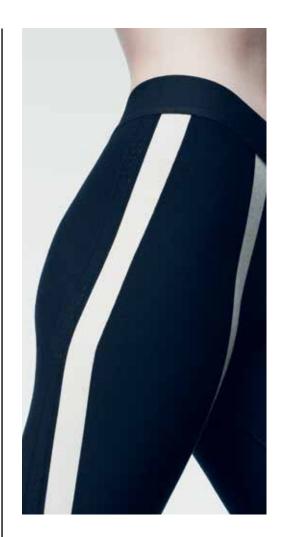


Breathability



Enhanced elasticity





COMPRESSION

Compression technology in base-layer garments has a number of benefits for the wearer. By including Merino wool into a compression knit structure the performance of the garment is further enhanced. There are multiple ways to construct a wool-rich compression fabric. The most common are warp knit and seamless technologies.

Merino wool compression base-layer garments have the benefits of:



High levels of stretch and recovery



Temperature regulation



Moisture management



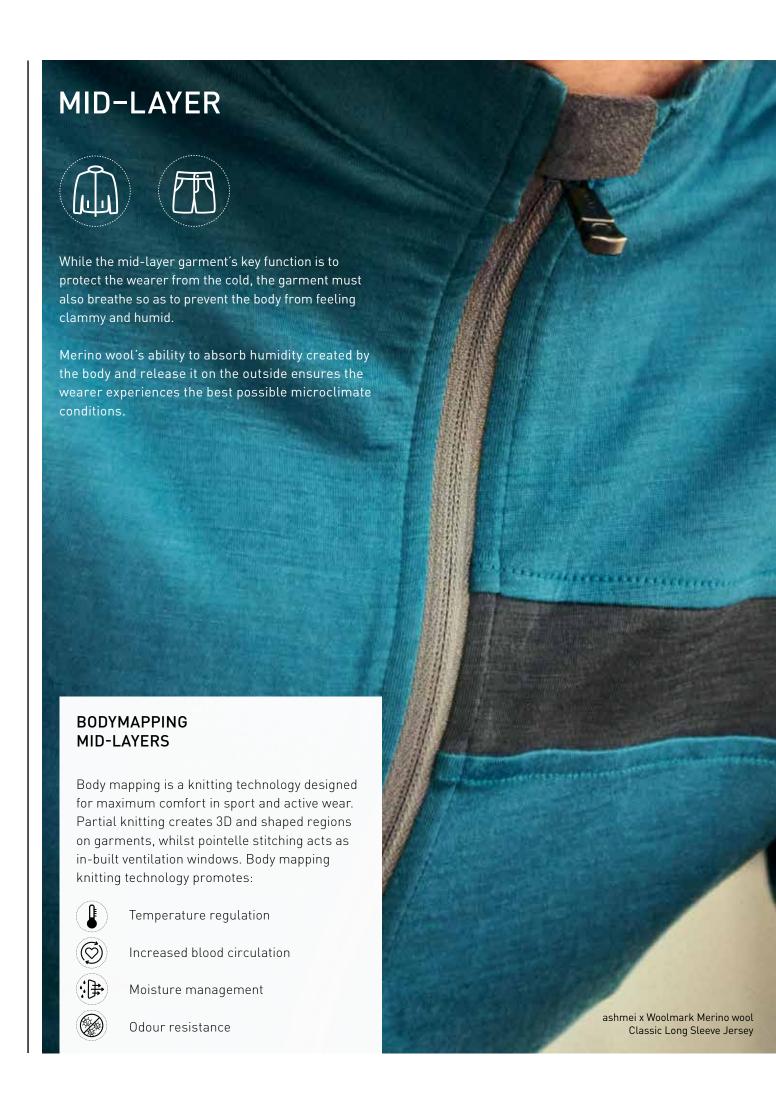
Increased blood circulation



Odour management

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TERRY LOOP JERSEY

Terry loop jersey is ideal for sweat shirts and long-sleeve tops. The relaxed soft looped backing creates a 'terry' effect with a slightly stretchy knit to allow for a comfortable and lightweight garment.

100% Merino wool terry loop jersey has fluffy loop structure yarns inside the knit that provide a number of benefits including:



Moisture management



Enhanced thermal insulation



Warmth without weight

SEAM BINDING AND SEALING

Taping for mid and outer-layer works perfectly for performance wear.

Presented as either "no sew" taping or "seam sealing" both options have a number of benefits including:



Reduce air and water permeability



Added comfort



Enhanced temperature regulation

No sew construction taping also allows for lighter garments and increased comfort by reducing bulky seams.



Merino wool versatili







WIND AND WATER RESISTANT WOOL

Using Optim™ fibre stretching technology, wind and water-resistant fabrics are made with 100% Merino wool which is ideal for outerwear apparel. The technology works by prestretching the wool fibre and spinning it into yarn before being woven. The fabric then super-contracts during the dyeing and finishing process which creates a highly compact fabric without the need for chemical treatment. The performance benefits including:



Wind resistance



Water resistance



Odour management



Temperature regulation





WOOL WADDING

A natural alternative to synthetic or down filling, wool wadding offers superior warmth per unit weight. The benefits of using wool wadding include:



Breathability



Efficient insulation



Dry microclimate in damp conditions



Warmth without weight

Merino wool versatilit



WOOL INSOLES

Crucial to the comfort and performance of shoes, the insole is responsible for a number of performance attributes. Wool insole inserts are available for performance and casual shoes. The insoles can be made a number of ways, most innovatively using circular and warp knitting techniques. By incorporating wool into the insole of the shoe, performance benefits include:



Odour management



Enhanced comfort



Temperature regulation





BEANIES AND HEADWEAR

The head is the most important part of the body to keep warm. Incorporating Merino wool into beanies and headwear ensures superior comfort for the wearer with the performance benefits of:



Temperature regulation



Moisture management



Warmth without weight



Breathability



Odour management

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SOURCING

EDUCATION

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT







THE WOOL LAB

Sourced from more than 100 of the world's best spinners, knitters and weavers in our global supply network, The Wool Lab is the premier seasonal guide to the latest innovations in wool fabric. Connecting designers, brands and manufacturers directly to suppliers of yarn and fabric, The Wool Lab is freely accessible through consultation

with Woolmark representatives.

WOOLMARK LEARNING CENTRE

The Woolmark Learning Centre offers an unprecedented level of textile industry knowledge, freely accessible. From fundamental to masters level coursework, the platform offers the global textile industry expert-led knowledge, resources and programs across disciplines in the supply chain to achieve knowledge transfer and transparency. woolmarklearningcentre.com

TECHNICAL TEAM

We have a dedicated technical team of experts that have specialist knowledge in all areas of the supply chain and are available to assist our partners with technical transfer, troubleshooting, process and product development and supply chain optimisation. We develop new processes and products bespoke to our partners in order to commercialise innovations in yarns, textiles, garments, products and processes.







SUPPLY CHAIN OPTIMISATION

We partner with designers, brands and retailers to commercialise new wool product lines. We offer design team support with supply chain assistance, quality assurance, seasonal consultation, product innovation and marketing.

RETAIL TRAINING

We offer comprehensive training sessions for retailers and brands to not only educate staff about the benefits and versatility of wool, but to ultimately allow them to maximise their sales of wool product.

INDUSTRY RESEARCH

We take the lead in funding and delivering research that innovates what wool is capable of, and ensure what wool means to the market is everevolving. These breakthroughs in fibre science, traceability and practices that promote sustainability and animal welfare are passed onto the industry and our partners have access to the latest research and information.

CERTIFICATION

The Woolmark licensing program is a quality assurance and product certification program for wool textiles. Products with our logo certify the quality of wool fibre content to both consumers and the supply chain.







WOOLMARK LICENSEES

We promote our Woolmark licensees throughout our global network and support them with supply chain assistance, quality assurance, technical consultation, product innovation, marketing and promote their product throughout our network. Woolmark licensees have been awarded the Woolmark logo to signify the quality assurance of their product.



Our services

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